

Welcome to the Tri-University Research Administration Conference.

Your session will begin shortly. While you wait, please review the following reminders:

Zoom Troubleshooting

Issues with Audio

Turn off headset/computer speakers and call in by phone for audio

General Issues

Log off and log back in using SSO

Technical Support

Call 480-965-9065 Ext 1.

About this Session

Recording

Today's session is being recorded and will be made available for later viewing

Closed Captioning

The Closed Caption/Live Transcript feature has been enabled. You can show/hide the CC via your meetings controls located at the bottom of your screen.



We'd Love Your Feedback!

To help us plan next year's Tri-University Research Administration Conference, we would love to get your feedback.

If you want to provide feedback for the presenters of today's session, make sure to complete the survey you will receive via email at the end of the day.



Contract Negotiations 101

Radha Radhakrishnan (UA) and Avery Wright (ASU)

 Identify troublesome clauses within agreements and discuss why these provisions present issues for public universities

OBJECTIVES

- Gain insight into the negotiation process
- Acknowledge internal matters that can delay negotiation or execution of agreements

What do you think of when I say "contract"?

What comes to mind?

University Contract Negotiators

Support the research mission of the University, by achieving a **balance** of...

timely negotiation of agreements

...while...

minimizing the risk of liability to the University, its employees, and students

Types of Agreements

Grants

Contracts

Confidentiality/Non-Disclosure Agreements

Intergovernmental Agreements

Memoranda of Understanding

Teaming Agreements

Student Experience Agreements

Testing/Professional Services

Data Use Agreements

Material Transfer Agreements

Who Negotiates Contracts for Externally-funded Research, Instruction, and other Sponsored Activities?

Sponsored Projects Contracting
Procurement Services
Tech Transfer
Office of General Counsel
Office of the Provost
Trade Mark and Licensing

Some aspects of Agreements require review and comment by specific parties at the University

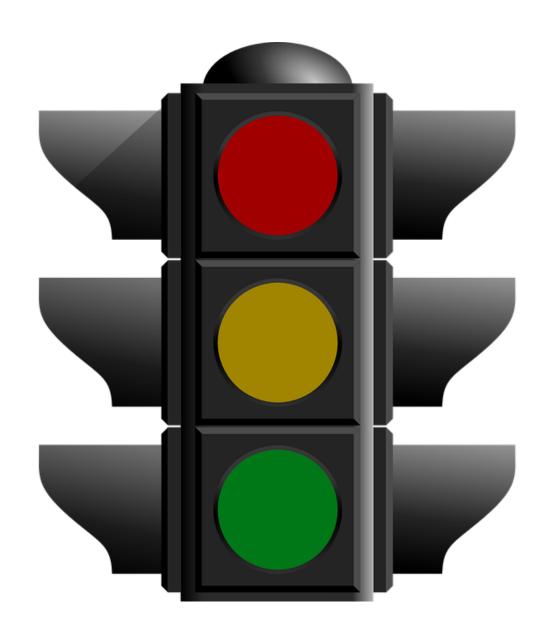
Office of General Counsel Export Control

InformationTechnology Risk Management

Vice President of Research

Conflict of Interest Tech Transfer

HIPAA HSPP



Classified Information
Data/IT Security
Indemnity/Liability
Intellectual Property
Publication Restriction

Confidentiality
Exclusivity
Export Control
Insurance
Physical Security Requirements

Termination

Arbitration
Federal Flow Downs
Governing Law & Venue
Invoicing/Penalties
Non-Standard Payment





Green Light – Clauses that are Generally Straightforward to Work With

	Purpose of Clause	Preferred Position
Arbitration	 Dispute resolution: a neutral third party (arbitrator) renders a decision arbitrator has power to render a binding decision may or may not be legally binding 	Exhaust all administrative remedies to resolve disputes Remove/adjust legally binding arbitration language
Federal Flow Downs	 Federally required clauses or terms Must be included (flowed down) in university issued subawards 	Accept and flow-down



Green Light – Clauses that are Generally Straightforward to Work With

	Purpose of Clause	Preferred Position
Governing Law and Venue	Statement that dictates what laws will govern the proceedings and where any agreement-related court cases will be held	 Options include: Arizona law and venue Remaining silent on governing law and venue Accepting another state's law or venue with Department/College approval



Green Light – Clauses that are Generally Straightforward to Work With

	Purpose of Clause	Preferred Position
Non- Standard Payment Terms	Payment terms are imposed to ensure that payments are received by suppliers within a reasonable period of time	Net 30- Payment 30 days after invoice date
Invoicing / Penalties	Invoicing terms are imposed to ensure that invoices are submitted to the sponsor within a reasonable period of time	 Monthly invoicing or an agreed upon schedule NET 30 Not acceptable penalties for late invoices or reports paying interest or penalties for delayed payment of subrecipient invoices



	Purpose of Clause	Preferred Position
Exclusivity	Requirement that university will only partner with a certain party	Preference is to not enter into exclusive arrangements
Confidentiality	Specifies how confidential or proprietary information must be handled	 Arizona's public records law: Maintain the confidentiality of certain information All information must be marked in order to be protected Time when obligation to protect confidential information expires Exclusion Trade Secrets not accepted

Confidentiality

Any and all information or materials provided by the Discloser under this Agreement shall be considered to be Confidential."

To be protected hereunder, Confidential Information must be marked confidential if disclosed in written or other tangible form. If Confidential Information is disclosed orally or visually, Confidential Information must be identified as confidential at the time of disclosure and reduced to writing, marked confidential, and transmitted to the recipient party within thirty (30) days of initial disclosure.





	Purpose of Clause	Preferred Position
Export Control	Federal regulations that control the conditions under which certain information, technologies, and commodities can be exported out of the United States to anyone, including U.S. citizens, or to a foreign national on U.S. soil	Seek exclusion for Fundamental Research Accept or include requirements from sponsoring organization
Insurance	Sponsor requires performing party to have or maintain insurance coverage as a condition of performing under the agreement Some Sponsors expect to be named as third party on insurance	Standard statement that university is self-insured under the State of Arizona



	Purpose of Clause	Preferred Position
Physical Security Requirements	Restrict who will have access to: • Children	Sponsor will need to work directly with the persons that are responsible to receive/provide:
	 Vulnerable populations 	Background checks
	 Sponsor or Federal facilities 	Fingerprinting
		Access badges



	Purpose of Clause	Preferred Position
Termination	Allows one or both parties the right to terminate (end) a contract in whole or in part at their discretion.	Language that provides the same benefits/restrictions for both parties.
		Mutual termination clause, however, government agencies will typically not agree to mutual termination
		 Termination for cause/default: Prefer a cure period of at least ten (10) days (preferably 30 days)



Red Light – Clauses that May Cause Significant Delays

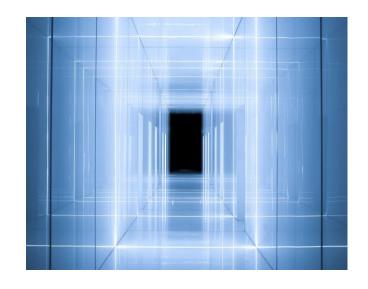
	Purpose of Clause	Preferred Position
Classified Information	Specifies the agreement or contract will involve access to US Government information classified "Confidential," "Secret," or "Top Secret".	As public institutions, ASU, UA, and NAU do not engage in classified work on campus. On occasion, however, access to classified materials may be necessary.

Red Light – Clauses that May Cause Significant Delays

	Purpose of Clause	Preferred Position
Data / IT Security	Requirements intended to protect the disclosure of:	Preference is to not include any data security requirements.
	 personal data and information patient data and information other sensitive data that should not be released to the general public 	If the requirements are applicable to the work being performed, the least restrictive requirements are preferred/ideal.

Data / IT Security

"Contractor shall comply with all security requirements, including but not limited to the regulations and guidance found in the Federal Information Security Management Act of 2014 ("FISMA"), Privacy Act of 1974, E-Government Act of 2002, National Institute of Standards and Technology ("NIST") Special Publications ("SP"), including NIST SP 800-37, 800-53, and 800-60 Volumes I and II, Federal Information Processing Standards ("FIPS") Publications 140-2, 199, and 200, OMB Memoranda, Federal Risk and Authorization Management Program ("FedRAMP"), DOJ IT Security Standards, including DOJ Order 2640.2, as amended"



Data / IT Security

There are several IT Security laws, publications, standards, and memoranda that discuss the technical requirements that universities must comply with.

IT support must review these requirements and work with the PI's department to ensure that we have the capability to comply.



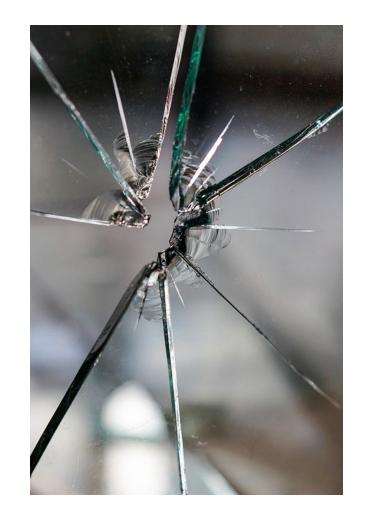


Red Light – Clauses that May Cause Significant Delays

	Purpose of Clause	Preferred Position
Indemnity / Liability	Identifies the liability obligations the parties have to each other under the agreement	Typically universities prefer to remain silent on indemnity and liability

Indemnity / Liability

"To the maximum extent permitted by law, University agrees to limit Company X's liability for the University's damages to the sum of \$_____ or the total amount of compensation owed to University, whichever is greater. This limitation shall apply regardless of the cause of action or legal theory pled or asserted."





Red Light – Clauses that May Cause Significant Delays

	Purpose of Clause	Preferred Position
Intellectual Property	These clauses address the ownership (including joint ownership) and licensing of technology, patents, and copyrights	Intellectual property developed by An ABOR University, regardless of the funding source, is the property of the University

Intellectual Property

"All intellectual property resulting from work pertaining to this Agreement shall belong exclusively to the Sponsor."

"Ideas, know-how, data (including clinical study results), and other intellectual property generated under this clinical study shall be the sole and exclusive property of the employer of the inventing party. Inventorship shall be determined in accordance with U.S. Patent laws."





Red Light – Clauses that May Cause Significant Delays

	Purpose of Clause	Preferred Position
Publication Restrictions	 To restrict, limit, or delay publication of research results, which may include: Publication restrictions or preapproval by sponsor Publication delays beyond 90 days Submittal of manuscripts for sponsor approval prior to publishing 	University policy is to not agree to publication restrictions. Include language that protects the mission of the university to carry out research in an open and unrestricted manner. Include language that protects the rights of University investigators and students to publish the results of their research and other sponsored activities.

Publication Rights

"Due to the confidential nature of the Project, University understands that it will not be allowed to publish or make known the Results of the Project."



"All Results of the Project shall be considered to be Confidential Information."

Publication Rights

"Sponsor recognizes that under University policy the results of work performed under this Agreement must be publishable and agrees that University and its employees and students engaged in work under this Agreement shall be free to publish. University must present copies of all proposed publications to Sponsor at least thirty (30) days prior to publication. Should Sponsor identify its Confidential Information in the proposed publication, Sponsor will notify University and University agrees to remove all Confidential Information will make a good faith effort to remove or amend sections containing Confidential Information, assuming the change does not alter the intention or spirit of the publication."



Slowing Due to Internal Issues

Sponsor or PI changed (or is changing) the Scope of Work or Budget

Institutional Review Board (IRB) and other special reviews

Information Technology (IT) Security assessments



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Questions?

